have a female President?" Justice Ginsburg turned to her and said: "Probably not in my lifetime, but certainly in yours."

My daughter graduated from law school this year. We look forward to the fulfillment of Justice Ginsburg's prophecy.

I urge all of my colleagues to support this bill and support these statues. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, Women's History Month offers an opportunity to reflect on the courageous, patriotic women who have helped write our Nation's story.

Indeed, in every chapter of our history, women have been at the forefront: fighting for our rights, forging progress in every aspect of society, and pushing our nation to live up to our most cherished ideals.

So, it is in that powerful, pioneering spirit that I rise today in support of legislation that will honor two of these historic Americans: Justice Sandra Day O'Connor and Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg.

From their seats on the highest Court in the land, they were not only instrumental to upholding and defending our Constitution-but they paved a path in the field of law for generations of women to follow.

With this bill, we honor their extraordinary service by welcoming to the United States Capitol statues of these two trailblazing women.

you to Congresswoman Lois FRANKEL for your tireless, persistent leadership in establishing this special tribute—and for all that you do for America's women and girls.

Thanks also to Chair ZOE LOFGREN: who, at the helm of the Committee on House Administration, has been a steadfast champion in bringing more diversity and inclusion to monuments that fill the halls of the Congress.

These statues will not only ensure that Justices O'Connor and Ginsburg take their rightful place here, among the many heroes of our history.

But they will also ensure that all those who walk these hallowed halls-from Members and foreign leaders to young girls on school tripscan learn about and be inspired by the legacies of these two legendary leaders.

It is with great pride that, with this bill. we will soon welcome to the halls of Congress a statue of a living legend: Justice Sandra Day O'Connor.

Justice O'Connor has earned her deeply deserved place in history, as the first woman ever to sit on the Supreme Court.

But beyond the barrier-breaking nature of her service, she brought to the bench a pillar of courage, integrity and justice: our nation's highest ideals.

On the Court, she was always an independent and influential voice-bringing great wisdom, judgment and consideration to her opinions.

She also inspired the world as a proud working mother, proving that a woman can both excel in her career and care for her fam-

She raised her three young sons while serving in the Arizona State Senate-where she was the first woman Majority Leader of a State Senate anywhere in the country.

And all were in awe of her strength in serving as her late husband's caregiver during his battle with Alzheimer's.

Justice O'Connor once said: "It's good to be first-but you don't want to be last." Indeed. she always held open the door behind her: mentoring so many young women in law, including our beloved Ruth Bader Ginsburg.

And our Nation is so proud that Justice Ginsburg will join that of Justice O'Connor here on Capitol Hill.

Ruth Bader Ginsburg truly embodied justice, brilliance and goodness-and nearly every family in America benefited from her quarter century on the Court fighting for equality, opportunity and justice for all.

The "Notorious RBG" quickly became an

icon on the bench:

an outstanding and independent legal mind; a tenacious defender of our fundamental rights; and

the author of fiery opinions still referenced to this day.

And throughout her entire career, she was a tireless advocate for gender equality, whether: working at the ACLU as the founder of its Women's Rights Project;

arguing cases before the Supreme Court; or handing down legal opinions cementing the precedent that all men and women are

created equal.

After her devastating loss two years ago, it was my solemn privilege as Speaker to welcome her one final time back to the Capitol to lie in state.

Now, it is with great respect and admiration for her legacy of powerful progress for women that the Congress passes this legislation to ensure her statue will be a permanent fixture of our Temple of Democracy.

It is fitting that we enact this legislation amid the historic confirmation process of Judge Ketanji Brown Jackson.

She was magnificent during the Committee proceedings last week-demonstrating her brilliant legal mind, her remarkable confidence and poise, and her unvielding commitment to iustice.

And this is a moment of great pride and patriotism for our nation, as she will soon make history as the first Black woman on the Supreme Court.

Indeed, Judge Jackson is a blazing new trail for the next generation of public servants-in the same pioneering spirit as the two extraordinary leaders we are honoring with this legislation today.

God blessed America with the leadership of Sandra Day O'Connor and Ruth Bader Ginsburg-and many of us today stand on their shoulders

With this bill, we ensure that all visit the Capitol feel their eternal presence and that our children will learn about their towering leg-

I urge a strong, bipartisan "aye" vote.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of S. 3294, a bill to place in the Capitol or on the Capitol Grounds a statue to honor Associate Justice of the Supreme Court Sandra Day O'Connor and a statue to honor Associate Justice of the Supreme Court Ruth Bader Ginsburg.

Justice Sandra Day O'Connor was the first woman nominated to the United States Supreme Court by President Ronald Regan and was the 102nd appointee to the position.

Justice O'Connor served from September 25, 1981, until her retirement on January 31, 2006

During her tenure on the court, Justice O'Connor was often the crucial swing vote in

5-4 decisions that included many of the most controversial issues of our time.

Justice O'Connor has had a long and distinquished career as a public servant, including three terms as an Arizona State Senator, and serving as a judge on the Superior Court of Maricopa County, and the Arizona Court of Appeals.

. Associate Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg was the second woman appointed, and the first Jewish woman, to preside on United States Supreme Court.

Justice Ginsburg was appointed to the court by President Bill Clinton on August 10, 1993 and served on the court until her death on September 18, 2020.

Justice Ginsburg was an advocate for woman's rights long before she was appointed to the court. She co-founded the Women's Rights Project at the ACLU.

In the words of the late Justice Ginsburg. "women's rights are an essential part of the overall human rights agenda, trained on the equal dignity and ability to live in freedom all people should enjoy."

These women broke down barriers that once stood in the way of equality. Their determination and persistence allowed for women across the nation to fight for their rights and achieve their dreams.

Their sacrifices paved the way for many firsts en the Federal bench. Justice Sonia Sotomayor was the first Hispanic woman to be appointed to the position, and just last month, Judge Ketanji Brown Jackson was the first African American woman to be nominated to the court

Although these are monumental steps for women and gender equality, there is still much work that needs to be done.

It is our duty as Members of Congress to acknowledge and commemorate these inspiring Supreme Court Justices. The two statues in our nation's Capital will honor the lives and legacies of these two pioneering women. Moreover, by celebrating Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg and Justice Sandra Day O'Connor we celebrate the impact of women nationwide and showcase these two leaders as remodels for future generations. I urge all my colleagues to support S. 3294.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania (Ms. Scanlon) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 3294.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8. the yeas and navs are ordered.

Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion are postponed.

### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess for a period of less than 15 minutes.

Accordingly (at 6 o'clock and 23 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

Adams

Aderholt

Cartwright

Case

Aguilar

Allred

Schakowsky

Schneider

Schweikert

Scott (VA)

Scott, Austin

Scott, David

Sessions

Sherman

Sherrill

Simpson

Slotkin

Smith (MO)

Smith (NE)

Smith (NJ)

Smith (WA)

Spanberger

Stansbury

Stanton

Stauber

Stefanik

Steel

Steil.

Steube

Stevens

Stewart

Suozzi

Swalwell

Takano

Taylor

Tiffany

Titus

Tlaib

Tonko

Trahan

Trone

Turner

Upton

Valadao

Vargas

Veasey

Wagner

Walberg

Waltz

Waters

Welch

Wenstrup

Wexton

Wild

Westerman

Williams (GA)

Williams (TX)

Wilson (FL)

Wilson (SC)

Wittman

Womack

Walorski

Wasserman

Schultz

Watson Coleman

Webster (FL)

Velázquez

Van Drew

Van Duvne

Torres (NY)

Underwood

Timmons

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Thompson (PA)

Strickland

Smucker

Soto

Spartz

Speier

Sires

Sewell

Schrader

Schrier

Schiff

McCollum

McEachin

Himes

### □ 1830

## AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MRVAN) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

### PROHIBITING PUNISHMENT OF ACQUITTED CONDUCT ACT OF 2021

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. MRVAN). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1621) to amend section 3661 of title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the consideration of acquitted conduct at sentencing, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON LEE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 405, nays 12, not voting 14, as follows:

# [Roll No. 83]

### YEAS-405 Castor (FL)

Castro (TX)

Cawthorn

Chabot

Estes

Evans

Fallon

Feenstra

Amodei Chenev Ferguson Fischbach Armstrong Cherfilus-Auchineloss McCormick Fitzgerald Chu Axne Fitzpatrick Cicilline Babin Fleischmann Bacon Clark (MA) Fletcher Clarke (NY) Foster Baird Balderson Cleaver Foxx Frankel Lois Banks Cline Franklin, C. Cloud Barr Barragán Clyburn Scott Fulcher Bass Clyde Beatty Cohen Gaetz Gallagher Bentz Cole Bera. Comer Gallego Connolly Garamendi Bergman Beyer Bice (OK) Garbarino Cooper Garcia (CA) Correa Costa García (IL) Biggs Bilirakis Courtney Garcia (TX) Bishop (GA) Craig Gibbs Bishop (NC) Crawford Gimenez Blumenauer Crenshaw Gohmert Blunt Rochester Crist Golden Boebert Crow Gomez Bonamici Cuellar Gonzales, Tony Gonzalez (OH) Curtis Bost Bourdeaux Davids (KS) Gonzalez, Bowman Davidson Vicente Boyle, Brendan Davis, Danny K. Good (VA) Davis, Rodney Gooden (TX) Brady Dean Gosar Brooks DeGette Gottheimer Brown (MD) DeLauro Granger Graves (LA) Brown (OH) DelBene Graves (MO) Delgado Brownley Buchanan Demings Green (TN) Green, Al (TX) Bucshon DeSaulnier Greene (GA) Budd DesJarlais Burchett Deutch Griffith Diaz-Balart Bush Grijalya. Calvert Dingell Grothman Guthrie Harder (CA) Cammack Doggett Carbajal Donalds Cárdenas Doyle, Michael Harris Carey F. Duncan Harshbarger Carl Hartzler Carson Dunn Hayes Carter (GA) Ellzey Hern Carter (LA) Herrell Emmer Carter (TX) Escobar Herrera Beutler

Eshoo

Espaillat

Hinson McGovern Horsford McHenry Houlahan McKinley Hover McNerney Meeks Hudson Huffman Meijer Issa Meng Jackson Lee Meuser Jacobs (CA) Mfume Miller (IL) Jacobs (NY) Javapal Miller (WV) Jeffries Miller-Meeks Johnson (GA) Moolenaar Johnson (LA) Mooney Moore (AL) Johnson (OH) Johnson (SD) Moore (UT) Johnson (TX) Moore (WI) Morelle Jones Jordan Moulton Joyce (OH) Mrvan Joyce (PA) Mullin Murphy (FL) Kahele Kaptur Murphy (NC) Katko Nadler Napolitano Keating Keller Neal Kelly (IL) Neguse Kelly (PA) Nehls Khanna. Newhouse Kildee Newman Kilmer Norcross Kim (CA) Norman Kim (NJ) O'Halleran Kind Obernolte Kirkpatrick Ocasio-Cortez Krishnamoorthi Omar Kuster Owens LaHood Palazzo LaMalfa. Pallone Lamb Palmer Lamborn Panetta Langevin Pappas Larsen (WA) Pascrell Larson (CT) Payne Latta Pence LaTurner Perlmutter Lawrence Perry Lawson (FL) Peters Lee (CA) Pfluger Lee (NV) Phillips Leger Fernandez Pingree Lesko Pocan Letlow Porter Levin (CA) Posey Levin (MI) Pressley Price (NC) Lieu Lofgren Quigley Long Raskin Lowenthal Reed Reschenthaler Lucas Luetkemeyer Rice (NY) Luria Rice (SC) Rodgers (WA) Lvnch Mace Rogers (AL) Malinowski Rogers (KY) Malliotakis Rose Rosendale Maloney, Carolyn B. Ross Maloney, Sean Rouzer

## NAYS-12

Rovbal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Ruiz

Rush

Rvan

Salazar

Sánchez

Scalise

Scanlon

Sarbanes

Mann

Manning

Massie

Matsui

McBath

McCaul

McClain

Allen

Buck

Burgess

Bustos

Casten

DeFazio

Hice (GA) Higgins (NY)

Butterfield

Fortenberry

Arrington

McClintock

McCarthy

Mast

Higgins (LA) Roy Huizenga Rutherford Kelly (MS) Tennev Weber (TX)

### NOT VOTING-14

Guest Torres (CA) Hollingsworth Vela Jackson Yarmuth Kinzinger Zeldin Loudermilk

Mr. STAUBER and Mrs. FISCHBACH changed their vote from "nay" "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

(Pallone)

Mr. CASTEN. Mr. Speaker, I missed rollcall vote No. 83. Had I been present, I would have voted as follows: "yea" on rollcall No. 83.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Barragán Green (TN) (Gomez) (Armstrong) Bass (Takano) Harder (CA) Bilirakis (Gomez) (Fleischmann) Johnson (TX) Bowman (Evans) (Jeffries) Joyce (OH) Boyle, Brendan F. (Evans) (Garbarino) Kahele (Mrvan) Buchanan (Waltz) Khanna (Bever) Kind (Bever) Cawthorn (Fallon) Lamb (Scanlon) Crist Lawson (FL) (Wasserman (Evans) Schultz) Mace (Rice (SC)) DeGette (Blunt McEachin Rochester) (Wexton) Deutch (Rice Meng (Kuster) Wild (Axne) (NY))Moulton (Beyer) Williams (GA) Gosar (Gaetz) Omar (Blunt (Jeffries) Gottheimer Rochester) Wilson (FL)

Roybal-Allard (Wasserman Schultz) Ryan (Kildee) Salazar (Dunn) Sánchez (Correa) Sires (Pallone) Spartz (Walorski) Suozzi (Beyer) Taylor (Carter (TX)) Tiffany (Fitzgerald) Tonko (Pallone) Valadao (Garbarino) Waters (Takano)

(Cicilline)

#### REMEMBERING THE $_{\rm LIFE}$ AND LEGACY $_{ m OF}$ THE HONORABLE DONALD E. YOUNG

Payne (Pallone)

(Mr. McCARTHY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. McCARTHY. Madam Speaker, tonight, Congress opens back up for the first time in 49 years without Congressman Don Young, and this Chamber is going to feel a big hole, especially, off to my left in the back side in that chair. No one in here has assigned seating, except our dean did.

For the first time in 49 years, we will not hear Don's booming voice yelling "regular order."

For the first time in 49 years, we won't see that big smile or friendly laugh.

For the first time in 49 years, we won't hear that strong voice when it comes to an issue about Alaska. But we will never forget him or the legacy he leaves behind.

Don taught all of us, and especially me, three big lessons.

First, he taught us how to fight for what you believe in, regardless party.

Second, he taught us how deep a love can be for your own family, and savor every moment together.

Third, he reminded us of what an honor it is to serve our constituents.

We will miss Don deeply. But more importantly, we will not forget him.

Madam Speaker, I ask that the House rise to observe a moment of silence for our dean, Congressman Don Young.